<u>Romans in Britain - Knowledge Organiser</u>

Vocabulary

Boudicca: ruled the Iceni tribe alongside her husband Prasutagus

Roman Legion: the Roman army was divided into legions of about 5000 men

Roman Empire: The Roman Empire included most of what would now be considered Western Europe. The empire was conquered by the Roman Army and a Roman way of life was established in these conquered countries. The main countries conquered were England/Wales (then known as Britannia), Spain (Hispania), France (Gaul or Gallia), Greece (Achaea), the Middle East (Judea) and the North African coastal region

<u>Hadrian's wall</u>: Stretching 73 miles from coast to coast, Hadrian's wall was built to guard the north-west frontier of the Roman Empire

Conquest: anything acquired by conquering, as a nation, a territory, or spoils.

<u>Invade</u>: to enter for conquest or plunder

<u>Public bathhouse</u>; Roman baths were purpose built structures or buildings, used for bathing in the days of Roman civilization

Roman Villas: The Roman villa was not a simple house but a symbol of its owner's

power and position within society







The Celtic tribes lived in scattered villages. They lived in round houses with thatched rooves of straw or heather. The walls of their houses were made from local material. Houses in the south tended to be made from wattle (woven wood) and daub (straw and mud) as there was an ample supply of wood from the forests.







Roman jewellery

